Marked-up copy of Substitute Specification Serial No. 10/597,501 Filed July 27, 2006

Attorney Docket No. SCH-16629

Attorney Docket No. SCH Customer No. 040854

Page 1 of 9

RELAY SET FOR A RIGID ENDOSCOPE

**BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION** 

The invention concerns a relay set of the kind described in the generic part of claim 1.

[0001] Rigid endoscopes usually have an optical system consisting of an

objective, an ocular and between them a relay lens system consisting of several

relay sets. Because the objective and each relay set is producing an image which is

turned up-side down, and because a standard endoscope should produce an upright

image, usually an odd number of relay sets is used so that the image produced by

the optical system is upright.

[0002] Generic relay sets, as shown in US 4, 676,606 and US 4,693,568, have a

symmetrical arrangement of lens units so that the relay set is consisting of two

symmetric half sets.

[0003] Known relay sets have the disadvantage that they need highly complicated

calculations to design a relay set with desired optical properties, i.e. with corrected

lens aberrations. If a relay set is correctly designed, it has a fixed configuration and it

is mass produced in this configuration to be used several times in an optical system.

[0004] The disadvantage of the relay set, according to the state of the art, is that

according to its fixed configuration it also has a fixed overall length. This means that

an optical system; at reasonable costs, only can only be produced having a length

Page 1 of 9

Marked-up copy of Substitute Specification Serial No. 10/597,501 Filed July 27, 2006 Attorney Docket No. SCH-16629 Customer No. 040854

Page 2 of 9

that is a multiple (normally odd multiple) of the length of the relay set. If a standard

resectoscope has three relay sets and a longer resectoscope is needed, it is

necessary to use five relay sets so that the overall length of the ocular is almost

double. If an only slightly elongated endoscope is needed, a relay set with a length

other than the standard length is needed and has to be completely redesigned.

Such a complete redesign of a relay set is extremely complicated and expensive.

BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0005] The objective of the present invention is to make the design of endoscope

with different lengths easier and less expensive.

This is achieved with the characteristics of claim 1.

[0006] According to the invention, the lens units in each half set of the relay set

and seen from the center are having the following refractive power (Positive and

Negative in the following are called P and N): P,N,P,P. For the complete relay set

this is P,P,N,P,(center),P,N,P,P. To make a relay set according to the state of the

art with a new length, needsrequires a complete recalculation of all distances of the

lens units and also of the lens units themselves. Quite into the contrary, according to

the invention a recalculation of the overall length of the relay set requires only needs

to findfinding new distances of the lens units. No changes with the lens units

themselves are necessary. The correction of lens aberrations remains unaffected

of by the change of overall length. With the same set of lens units, using only

Page 2 of 9

Marked-up copy of Substitute Specification Serial No. 10/597,501

Filed July 27, 2006

Attorney Docket No. SCH-16629

Customer No. 040854

Page 3 of 9

different distances, a new overall length of the relay set can be achieved. Finding

the correct placesplacement of the lens units for a new overall length of the relay set

is quite simple. For a given set of lens units simple formulas or curves can be given

according to which all the places of the lens units for a desired overall length easily

can be found. With the relay set according to the invention, therefore, it is an easy

design step to change the overall length of the set. If an endoscope with a special

overall length is needed, the invention allows for the simpleto-simply design of relay

sets of an appropriate length. The relay set according to the invention can be mixed

in an optical system with conventional relay sets. If a given endoscope having three

conventional relay sets each 60 mm long, has to be made 10 cm longer, one

additional conventional relay set and one relay set according to the invention with a

length of 40 mm can be added.

[0007] According to claim 2 it to advantageous to have the corresponding lens

units of the two half sets at symmetrical distances from the center. With this design

the magnification of the lens unit is 1 as it is generally required.

[0008] For special purposes it is advantageous to use the characteristics of claim

3. Having the outer lenses in an asymmetrical position, the magnification is different

from 1. The advantages of claim 1 previous embodiments of the invention with

respect to easy calculation of the overall length remain also with this

designembodiment.

[0009] According to claim 4 it t is advantageous to place a glass rod in the middle

Page 3 of 9

Marked-up copy of Substitute Specification Serial No. 10/597,501 Filed July 27, 2006 Attorney Docket No. SCH-16629 Customer No. 040854 Page 4 of 9

of the relay set. This is a well known measure to reduce the air length.

## **BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS**

[0010] In the drawings examples of the invention are schematically shown.

[0011] Fig. Figs. 1a -d shows show the arrangement of the lens units of a relay set in four different overall lengths.;

[0012] Fig. Figs. 2a -c shows show the lens units of a relay set having the same length but three different magnifications.;

[0013] Fig. 3 shows a conventional optical system with three conventional relay sets-; and

[0014] Fig. Figs. 4a -c shows show an optical system having four conventional relay sets and one relay set according to the invention in three different lengths.

## **DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION**

[0015] Fig. Figs. 1a - d show relay sets according to the invention in different lengths.

[0016] In Fig. 1a, a relay set 1a is shown which, according to the invention, has

Marked-up copy of Substitute Specification Serial No. 10/597,501

Filed July 27, 2006

Attorney Docket No. SCH-16629

Customer No. 040854

Page 5 of 9

two half sets 2a and 2b being symmetrically arranged with respect to the center of

the relay set 1 which in the drawing is indicated by a center line 5. From the center

line 5 to the outside, the half set 2a has lenselens units 3a1, 3a2, 3a3 and 3a4. The

half set 2b has lenselens units 3b1, 3b2, 3b3 and 3b4. The lenses of the pairs 3a1-

3b1, 3a2-3b2, 3a3-3b3 and 3a4-3b4 are identicidentical and are symmetrically

placed with respect to the center line 5. According to the invention, the refractive

powers of the lens units are: 3a1 and 3b1 positive, 3a2 and 3b2 negative, 3a3 and

3b3 positive and 3a4 and 3b4 positive. This is indicated with the letters P and N

underneath Fig. 1a.

[0017] To the left and to the right of the relay set 1a image planes 6a and 6b are

shown. Because of its symmetrical arrangement, the relay set 1 is transporting an

image from 6a to 6b or vice versa with the magnification 1.

[0018] In Fig. 1, the relay set 1a is shown with a certain overall length.

[0019] In Fig. 1b and in Fig. 1c, relay sets 1b and 1c are shown having different

overall lengths. As can be seen from Fig. 1, for all three lens stssets 1a, 1b and is

exactly the same lenselens units are used. Only their relative distances from the

center line 5 are varied. In all three configurations the magnification is 1. Only the

overall length is different. Also the correction of lens aberrations remains the same.

All major lens aberrations are sufficiently corrected.

[0020] If the relay set 1a is correctly designed in one overall length like as shown

Page 5 of 9

Marked-up copy of Substitute Specification Serial No. 10/597,501 Filed July 27, 2006

Attorney Docket No. SCH-16629

Customer No. 040854

Page 6 of 9

in Fig. 1a, the variation of overall length is easily achieved. As can be seen from

figures Figs. 1a to 1c, the variation of lenselens positions is following follows simple

relations.

[0021] The lens units 3a1 to 3b4 do not needrequire any redesign. According to

the invention, it is only necessary to have the lens units chosen with proper refractive

power, namely 3a1 and 3b1 with positive power, 3a2 and 3b2 with negative power,

3a3 and 3b3 with positive power and 3a4 and 3b4 with positive power.

[0022] Watching Following the before mentioned rule, the lens units can vary in

shape from the embodiment shown in figures Figs. 1a to 1c. Instead of the simple

lenses shown in the drawing also lens units of cemented type, composed of several

different glasses can also be useused.

[0023] Fig. 1d shows an alternative relay set 1d. The lenses 3a1 to 3a4 and 3b1

to 3b4 are the same as with 1a. In the center gap between lenses 3a1 and 3b1, a

glass rod 7 with parallel end faces is placed in order to reduce in the big center gap

between the half-sets 2a and 2b, the distance through which the light has to travel

through air.

[0024] According to figures Figs. 1a to 1d, the arrangement of lenses in the two

half sets 2a and 2b is symmetrical with respect to the center line 5. Due to this

symmetrical arrangement of lens units the magnification of the relay sets 1a to 1c is

1. An alternative possibility is shown in Fig. 2.

Page 6 of 9

Marked-up copy of Substitute Specification Serial No. 10/597,501 Filed July 27, 2006 Attorney Docket No. SCH-16629 Customer No. 040854

Page 7 of 9

[0025] Fig. 2a shows a relay set 11a of having a similar design than as relay set

1a of Fig. 1a. According to the invention, it is the relay set 11a again having has a

symmetrical arrangement of lens units with a sequence of refractive power P,N,P,P

in each half set.

[0026] Fig. 2b shows a relay set 11b using exactly the same lens units as in relay

set 11a. As shown in Fig. 2, the overall length of relay set 11a and relay set 11b are

the same. But in the relay set 11b, the outermost lenses 14a and 14b are shifted

asymmetrically. Due to this asymmetrical arrangement of lenses the magnification

is different. In this case it is 0,750.75.

[0027] Fig. 2c shows relay set 11c again having the same lenses as relay set

11a. The outermost lenses 14a and 14b, as can be seen in Fig. 2c, even more

shifted asymmetrically as with lens unit 11b. The overall length again is the same

as that of the relay sets 11a and 11b. The magnification of the relay set 11c is

0,50.5. It has to be remarked that in the examples shown in figures Figs. 2a to 2c.

the magnifications given as 1 for Fig. 2a, 0,750.75 for Fig. 2b and 0.50,5 for Fig. 2c,

are valid for rays passing the lens units from left to right. If the light goes from right

to left the magnifications are 1 in Fig. 2a, 1,331.33 for Fig. 2b and 2 for Fig. 2c.

[0028] The relay sets 11a, 11b and 11c of Fig. 2 have the same advantage as the

lens unit 1 shown in Fig. 1 with respect to the possibility to easily change the overall

length.

Page 7 of 9

Marked-up copy of Substitute Specification Serial No. 10/597,501 Filed July 27, 2006 Attorney Docket No. SCH-16629 Customer No. 040854

Page 8 of 9

[0029] The relay sets shown in figures Figs. 1 and 2 are used in rigid endoscopes

as shown, for example, in Fig. 13 of US 4,693,568. According to the standard

design of rigid endoscopes, a rigid metal tube, not shown, is enclosing an optical

system as shown in Fig. 3.

[0030] The optical system of Fig. 3 is of a conventional design having an

objective 20, three relay sets 21 and an ocular 22. The relay sets 21 are

identicidentical. They may be of any conventional design according to the state of

the art as mentioned in the introduction. To keep the image upright, the number of

relay sets 21 is odd.

[0031] If a longer endoscope is needed, additional relay sets can be added. This

is shown in Fig. 4a. To the right of the optical system, two additional relay sets are

added. One of them is another conventional relay set 21. The other one is a relay

set 23a designed according to the present invention, e.g. a relay set as shown in

figures Figs. 1 or 2. As can be seen from Fig. 4a, the relay set 23a is shorter than

the relay set 21 so that a desired specific overall length of the endoscope results.

As shown in figures Figs. 4b and 4c, relay sets 23b or 23c of different lengths can

replace 23a so that any required overall length of the endoscope is possible.

[0032] Additionally, it is possible to replace any of the conventional relay sets 21

by a relay set 23a, according to the present invention, so that the overall length of

the endoscope can be adjusted to any required length. For special purposes, a

Page 8 of 9

Marked-up copy of Substitute Specification Serial No. 10/597,501 Filed July 27, 2006 Attorney Docket No. SCH-16629 Customer No. 040854 Page 9 of 9

relay set according to Fig. 2, having a magnification smaller or bigger than 1, can be used.